

Exercice 1Développer et réduire

$$\begin{aligned} A &= -(2x + 5) + (-3x - 1) \\ C &= 5x(x - 8) + (x + 2)(x - 1) \\ E &= -3(-4x + 3) - (x - 2)(-x + 3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} B &= -8(2x - 7) + 3(7x + 1) \\ D &= (5x - 1)(2x - 3) - (6x + 5)(x - 4) \\ F &= 3(x - 1)(x - 4) \end{aligned}$$

Exercice 2

Soit  $G = -4(x - 1) + (3x - 1)(x + 3)$

- a) Calculer G pour  $x = -4$ .
- b) Développer et réduire G
- c) Calculer G pour  $x = -4$  en utilisant le résultat du b)
- d) Reprendre les questions a) et c) pour  $x = \frac{1}{3}$

Réponses :

$$\begin{array}{lll} A = -5x - 6 & B = 5x + 59 & C = 6x^2 - 39x - 2 \\ D = 4x^2 + 2x + 23 & E = x^2 + 7x - 3 & F = 3x^2 - 15x + 12 \\ \text{b) } G = 3x^2 + 4x + 1 & \text{a) et c) on obtient : } 33 & \text{d) on obtient } \frac{8}{3} \end{array}$$

Exercice 3Développer et réduire

$$\begin{array}{lll} A = (5x + 2)^2 & B = (8x - 1)^2 & C = (9x + 2)(9x - 2) \\ D = (6x - 5)^2 & E = (7x - 4)(7x + 4) & F = (4x + 3)^2 \\ G = (x - 7)^2 + (3x + 2)^2 & H = (5x + 4)^2 - (2x - 1)^2 & I = (7x - 3)(7x + 3) - (3x + 4)^2 \\ J = \left(\frac{7}{3}x - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 & K = (8x - 1)(x + 2) - (7x - 3)(5x + 2) & L = 6(x - 4)^2 \\ M = 5(2x - 1)(2x + 1) & N = 5(3x + 4)^2 - 3(5x + 2)^2 & O = (3x - 4)^2 - (x + 4)^2 + (x - 4)^2 \end{array}$$

Réponses

$$\begin{array}{lll} A = 25x^2 + 20x + 4 & B = 64x^2 - 16x + 1 & C = 81x^2 - 4 \\ D = 36x^2 - 60x + 25 & E = 49x^2 - 16 & F = 16x^2 + 24x + 9 \\ G = 10x^2 - 2x + 53 & H = 21x^2 + 44x + 15 & I = 40x^2 - 24x - 25 \\ J = -\frac{49}{9}x^2 - \frac{7}{3}x + \frac{1}{4} & K = -27x^2 + 16x + 4 & L = 6x^2 - 48x + 96 \\ M = 20x^2 - 5 & N = -30x^2 + 60x + 68 & P = 9x^2 - 40x + 16 \end{array}$$